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RC-210 Repeater Controller Assembly Manual

Hardware Version 3.0

Original Release Date September 13, 2004

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Parts List

Check off the part in the space provided as you locate and verify against this list.

Resistors, 1/4 watt

() 15	10k ohm	(brown-black-orange-gold)
()4	22k ohm	(red-red-orange-gold)
()3	47k ohm	(yellow-violet-orange-gold)
()9	100k ohm	(brown-black-yellow-gold)
()3	470k ohm	(yellow-violet-yellow-gold)
()3	110k ohm	(brown-brown-yellow-gold)
()3	33k ohm	(orange-orange-orange-gold)
() 11	170 ohm	(vallow violet brown gold)

- 470 ohm (yellow-violet-brown-gold) () 14
- 47 ohm (vellow-violet-black-gold) () 3

Resistor Network

()1 470 ohm network (10 pin SIP)

Potentiometers

() 6	10k ohm	(C103)
	`	5001 1	(0504)

()3 500k ohm (C504)

Capacitors

Capacitors may be marked in various ways. The typical markings are given but may vary.

() 23	.1 uf	(104)
()2	33pf	(330)
()2	22pf	(220)
()3	.0068uf	(682)

Electrolytic Capacitors

- ()4 1 uf
- ()7 2.2 uf
- ()4 22 uf
- ()1 47 uf ()2 10 uf

Diodes

- 1N4001 Rectifier (might be 1N4002 or 1N4004) ()4
- () 22 1N4148 Silicon Diode
- ()4 Red LED
- ()4 Green LED
- Yellow LED ()4

Transistors

()6 2N3904 NPN

Integrated Circuits

Do not handle the IC's unnecessarily. Carefully remove the IC tubes from the anti-static bag and check each one against the parts. Then return the tubes with the ICs to the bag.

- ATMega128 (mounted on PCB) (64 pin TQFP) ()1
- ()1 ISD4003-04MP VoiceCorder (28 pin DIP) (16 pin DIP)
- ()2 ULN2003A
- MT8806 Crosspoint Switch (24 pin DIP) ()1
- MT8870 DTMF Decoder (18 pin DIP) ()3
- (16 pin DIP) ()1 ST232 Level Translator
- (14 pin DIP) ()2 **TL064 Operational Amp**
- ()2 74HC595 Shift Register (16 pin DIP)

Sockets

- 18-pin DIP Socket ()3
- 24-pin DIP Socket ()1
- 28-pin DIP Socket ()1
- 14-pin DIP Socket ()2
- 16-pin DIP Socket ()5

Voltage Regulators

()1	5.0 volt	(LM340T5 TO-220 case)
()1	3.3 volt	(78L33, TO-92 case with piece of
		tape on leads)

Connectors

- 9-pin female right-angle PC mount ()3
- ()1 25-pin female right-angle PC mount
- ()3 RJ45 modular jack
- ()1 4 pin power female PCB power
- 4 pin power male plug ()1
- 36 pin single row header PC mount ()2
- 10 pin dual row header PC mount ()1

Misc.

- ()1 Heatsink
- ()1 4-39 screw and nut assembly
- 3.579 Mhz crystal ()1 (3.57ECSV)
- ()1 16 Mhz crystal (160ECSV)
- 32768 Khz crystal ()1 (small cylindrical)
- 10 uh choke (silver-black-black-red-silver) ()1
- Self-resetting Fuse (X030) ()1
- Push-on jumpers () 13
- ()1 PC Board (revision 2.8)
- Assembly Manual ()1
- ()1 User Manual

Construction

You are now ready to begin construction of the RC-210. Use a temperature controlled, fine-tipped soldering iron and good quality 60/40 rosin-core solder for construction. Follow standard construction practices when building the unit.

You will also need small flush or semi-flush cutting pliers and small-tipped needle nosed pliers. A magnifying glass may prove useful for identifying the values of small parts.

Keep the tip of the soldering iron bright and clean, wiping it frequently on a wet sponge or rag. Make solder joints carefully, but swiftly. Prolonged heat on a PC board pad can be disastrous and ruining this PC board can be expensive! Two or three seconds should be enough time to apply heat to any joint. Follow the order of construction, as they have been developed to make installation of parts as easy as possible.

The microprocessor (ATMega128) has already been soldered on the board. Great care should be taken when assembling the RC-210 to ensure there are no static discharge issues. The use of a grounding wrist strap and grounded tip soldering iron is highly recommended. (Note: DAMAGE DUE TO STATIC DISCHARGE IS NOT COVERED UNDER WARRANTY)

IC Sockets

Note: If any sockets are bent, carefully straighten them with a pair of needle-nose pliers. When installing IC sockets, double check to ensure that the socket is seated properly against the board with the notch, beveled corner or "1" towards the silkscreened reference (U1, IC2, etc). Be sure all IC socket pins are showing on the solder side of the board. While making certain the IC socket is tight against the PC board tack-solder two diagonally opposite corners (such as pins 1 and 14 on a 14 pin socket). Then solder the remaining pins of that socket before proceeding to the next one. If you find a socket is difficult to install, remove it and check for bent pins.

Install the following IC sockets.

n
n
n
n
n
n

Now check all your work. All leads should be soldered with no solder bridges or cold solder joints.

Resistors

Resistors lie flat on the PC board and have a lead spacing of 0.5". You may wish to use a lead former to preform the resistor leads for the neatest appearance.

Install the following resistors 10K (brown-black-orange-gold) resistors:

() R26, R27, R31
() R32,R38, R44
() R45, R51, R54
() R59, R60, R61
() R62, R63, R65

Install the following 47K (yellow-violet-orange-gold) resistors:

() R50, R52, R53

Install the following 22K (red-red-orange-gold) resistors:

() R34, R55, R67, R66

In the following 47 ohm (yellow-violet-black-gold)

() R29, R43, R49

Install the following 470K (yellow-violet-yellow-gold) resistors:

() R10, R11, R12

Install the following 110K (brown-brown-yellow-gold)

() R28, R30, R36

Install the following 33K (orange-orange-orange-gold) resistors:

() R35, R40, R58

Install the following 100K (brown-black-yellow-gold) resistors:

() R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R9, R46, R47, R48

Install the following 470 ohm, (yellow-violet-brown-gold) resistors:

() R6, R7, R8, R15, R16, R17, R18, R19 () R20, R21, R22, R23, R37, R57

(Resistors R13 and R14 are not included. See Hardware Manual for details)

Potentiometers

Carefully bend the three leads of each trim pot over 90 degrees, so the leads face the back of the trim pot body. Then insert the leads through the holes in the PC board, with the body closest to the edge of the board, it is flush against the board. Then solder the connections. (note: the pots should lay down against the board, with the adjustment slot facing up)

<u>10K ohm (C103)</u> () Port1 Disc, Port2 Disc, Port3 Disc () Record, Play, Tone

500K ohm (C504)

() P1 Tx, P2 Tx, P3 Tx

Capacitors

The following capacitors are .1uf (104) and should be mounted as close to the board as possible without stressing the leads.

() C1, C3, C5, C6, C9, C14, C15, C16, C17
() C19, C20, C22, C27, C31, C32, C35, C36
() C37, C38, C39, C45, C46, C47

Install the .0068 uf (682) capacitors

() C24, C25, C30

Install the following capacitors:

() C18, C21	22pf (220)
() C7, C8	33pf (330)

Electrolitic Capacitors

These capacitors are polarized, so care should be taken to orient them properly. Note that at the installation positions for these capacitors, the PC board is marked with a plus (+). Note that the capacitors have the minus (-) lead marked. Install accordingly.

The following are all 2.2uf.

() C23, C26, C29, C34, C41, C44, C48

Install the remaining electrolytic capacitors:

() C11, C12, C13, C60	1uf
()C10	47uf
() C28, C33, C40, C42	22uf
() C4, C43	10uf

Diodes

Diodes are polarized devices, with the cathode end being banded. Observe polarity when installing the following diodes.

() D1, D2, D3, D5 1N4001

Install the following 22 ea. 1N4148 diodes:

() D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, D20, D21 D22, D23, D24, D25, D26, D27, D33, D34, D35, D36, D37, D38

LEDs

Install the LEDs 1/2" above the board to allow them to be bent over later. Note that one side is flat; this is the cathode. Be sure the flat side of the LED lines up with the flat side on the PC board.

() P1Key, P2Key, P3KeyRed LED() P1Cos, P2Cos, P3CosGreen LED() P1Ctcss, P2Ctcss, P3CtcssYellow LED() P1DtmfRed Led() P2DtmfGreen LED() P3DtmfYellow LED

Transistors

All transistors should be installed with the body not more than 1/4" above the PC board. Match the body of the transistor with the outline on the board and carefully bend the leads to match the hole pattern on the PC board. All transistors are 2N3904

()Q1-Q6

Connectors

Carefully install J1 taking care that no pins are bent over as you insert them. Holding J1 flush against the PC board, solder two opposite pins in order to the hold it in place. Then solder the remaining pins, taking care to avoid solder bridges

Solder the two larger holes (one on each end) to the pads on the PC board. Use lots of solder to make a mechanically secure connection.

() J3 25-pin female right-angle PC mount

Your RC-210 kit comes with 2 types of connectors for J2, J3 and J4 - either DB9 or RJ45 modular jacks. You must now decide which you prefer to use. You may want to read the "Choosing Your Connector" section at the end of this manual before proceeding with this step.

- () J6 RJ45 or DB9 female right angle PC mount
- () J7 RJ45 or DB9 female right angle PC mount
- () J8 RJ45 or DB9 female right angle PC mount

Install the Phoenix PC mount 4 pin jack at the location on the PC board marked "Power". It should be installed so it fits inside the outline marked on the PC board.

() Power 4 pin (green)

Voltage Regulators

IC1 is installed upright on the PC board with the metal tab lined up with the dark line on the silkscreened outline on the PC board and should be spaced 1/4 above the surface.

() IC1 78M05 (LM340T5)

Install the heatsink onto the metal tab of IC1 with the 4-40 hardware provided. Then, cut off the excess length of the screw.

IC7 looks like a transistor. It should be installed just like the transistors.

() IC7 78L033 (CZ-3.3)

Inductor

L1 looks like a 1 watt resistor. Bend one lead over and install it vertically on the board.

()1 L1 (silver-black-black-red-silver)

Crystals

Install the following 2 crystals with the body 1/8 inch above the surface of the PC board (Caution: Make sure you space the crystal as stated, to avoid shorting traces on the PC board).

() Y1	3.579 Mhz crystal	(3.57ECSV)
() Y2	16.00 Mhz crystal	(160ECSV)

Crystal X1 looks differently from the other 2 crystals - it is a small, cylindrical type with close-spaced leads. X1 should be mounted 1/4 above the PC board, then bent over so it lays flat against the board, away from the Mega128.

() X1 32768 Khz crystal

Fuse

The RC-210 uses a special, self-resetting fuse. It looks like a yellow ceramic capacitor and is marked "X030"

()F1 Fuse

Resistor Network

The resistor network is a 10 pin single in-line package, colored black. There is a white dot on one end, which indicates pin 1. Line pin 1 up with "1" marking silkscreened on the PC board at RN1.

() RN1 470 ohm resistor network

Jumper Headers

Locate the 2 - 32 pin jumper header connectors. Carefully cut them between pins (in the notches in the plastic) to create the following:

) 1	10 pin
)7	3 pin
) 3	5 pin
)1	6 pin
)1	8 pin
) 4	2 pin

Install the following pin headers you just created:

() JP1	2 pin
() JP2, JP3, JP4	5 pin
() JP5, JP6, JP9	2 pin
() JP7, JP8, JP10, JP11	3 pin
() JP12, JP13	3 pin
() J1	10 pin
() J2	3 pin
() J5	8 pin
() J9	6 pin

Now install J5, the 10 pin dual row header

() J4

Locate the push-on jumpers and slide them over pins 1 & 2 or 2 & 3 of the jumper headers depending on your COS polarity requirements. Don't worry if you don't know which you need right now, as you can easily change them later.

() JP7, JP8, JP10, JP11, JP12, JP13

Install push-on jumpers over pins 2 & 3 of JP2, JP3 and JP4. This completes the audio path for the receiver amplifiers when the audio delay board is not installed:

() JP2, JP3, JP4

Install a push-on jumper on each of the 3 de-emphasis jumpers. You can skip this step if you plan on using flat audio on your repeater.

() JP5, JP6, JP9

Install a push-on jumper on JP1. This enables the LED's (you can remove it later if you wish to reduce current draw)

() JP1

Check Your Work

Double check your work.

- () All solder connections are bright and shiny.
- () No solder bridges between IC socket pins.
- () All components installed in their correct positions.
- () Diodes, transistors, voltage regulators and electrolitic capacitors installed with their proper polarity.
- () The pc board modifications are done correctly.

Congratulations! At this point your RC-210 is completely assembled except for the integrated circuits. These will be installed after you run some voltage checks.

Checking Voltages

For these tests, you will need to connect power to the RC-210. It is suggested that you use a power supply with current limiting "just in case".

Locate the green, 4 pin power plug and connect it as follows:

Pin 1+11.5 to +15 VdcPins 3 & 4Ground (both of these pins MUST be connected to the power supply's negative leads)

Meter Plus Lead	Meter Minus Lead	Result
 () IC2, pin 16 () U6, pin 24 () U5, pin 4 () U5, pin 12 () U7, pin 27 	Ground Ground U5, pin 11 U5, pin 11 U7, pin 12	+5 ± 5% Vcc ± 5% * Vcc ± 5% * 1/2 Vcc ± 5% 3.3v ± 5%

* Vcc refers to the voltage supplied to the RC-210.

If you do not obtain the results above, carefully check the PC board for cold solder joints, bridges or unsoldered connections.

If all is well, remove power. You're now ready to install the socketed integrated circuits.

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Your RC-210 is now ready for installation and programming. Please consult the Operations Manual.

If You Need Assistance

We offer several ways you can obtain assistance with your RC-210:

Our Website:

http://www.ah6le.net/arcom/help.html

Our email list (it's a good idea for all RC-210 owners):

Send an email to: mailto:rc210-subscribe@yahoogroups.com

Or you may contact us directly at:

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